

## Three-Times-a-Week Paragould Soliphone

Monday-Wednesday-Friday  
Entered at the postoffice, at Paragould, Arkansas, as second-class mail matter.

RUPERT C. WRIGHT, Owner.

Advertising rates made known upon application. Reserve the right to accept or reject for publication any and all statements or announcements.

Resolutions of Respect, Card of Thanks, Obituaries and the like are charged for at the rate of five cents per line, counting five words to the line.

Classified advertisements, such as: For Rent, For Sale, Wanted, etc., are charged for at the rate of one cent per word; no advertisement inserted for less than 25 cents.

### SOLIPHONE SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One year, by mail, in county... \$1.00  
Six months, by mail, in county... \$50  
One year, by mail, outside county \$2.00  
Six months, by mail, outside county \$1.00

The Daily Press, published every evening except Sunday, will be mailed to subscribers residing on rural routes out of Paragould at the rate of \$1.00 for three months or \$4.00 per year.

### THE MUD TAX.

"The greatest tax that we ever paid in regard to roads is the mud tax," says Dr. P. P. Claxton, former United States commissioner of education. The high cost of bad roads is higher and more oppressive than the reasonable cost of good roads. Dr. Claxton estimated that in North Carolina it once cost \$5,000,000 a year just for "mud tax," counting the time it took to haul the load, the breaking down of wagons and the wear on horses. He did not, it appears, add in the wear and tear on the temper, strength and ambition of the driver of the horses.

These are but guesses at best, and not to be depended on as statistics. But they are illuminating, none the less. They make people wake up and think. The cost of accidents, delays and weariness caused just by plain mud in this country annually amounts to hundreds of millions. This loss might far better be going into new, solid and mudless roads.

### THE GREAT ENEMY

Not Germany nor Japan nor ignorance nor bad citizenship is the great enemy of American progress and prosperity. The great enemy is waste; and happily, there is now an organized movement in this country to fight it.

Take roads, for instance. One plant may be supplying materials for use in two or three states. Because of varied specifications, different screens and bins must be used for sorting material for each separate job. Different processes may be required. All these take extra labor. They mean extra cost without extra quality. To standardize highway materials is one aim of the people fighting waste.

Take houses. Rooms of simple sizes, that is, rooms whose length, breadth and height bear simple ratios to each other, are the most beautiful rooms. Rooms which depart from these simple ratios are apt to be queer in some way. Also, rooms of these queer sizes waste lumber. Sticking to standard sizes for rooms and halls costs less and looks better than running after freak sizes.

Take doors. Millwork makers would like to get down to a few sizes. They cost less that way, waste less wood and less time and look and wear as well as special orders.

Take iron pipe. In the war, separate reserve supplies had to be maintained for each nation on the front because the British, French and American pipes would not fit each other.

Take plumbing. Take bolt and screw threads. Take sewing machine needles. Take anything. Why all the variety in things like these? No sense in it.

No sane person wants to take variety out of life, out of work, out of furniture or houses, or to take away beauty and reduce everything to a drab, dull level. That is not the purpose of the proposed standardization. Beauty and variety cannot exist without a foundation of unity. Prosperity cannot exist without thrift. As waste is eliminated, beauty and comfort have a chance to function.

Radio may radiate sweetness and light, but up to date it seems to dispense mostly hot air and jazz.

Herbert Hoover says the coal strike won't do anything to business. But will business do anything to the coal strike?

It's always easier for workmen to walk out than to come back.

Those Siamese twins at least served a useful purpose in life by showing how two people could get along together. Capital and labor, if they only knew it, are the Siamese twins of civilization, and each will last

**F. L. HUNTER**  
CHIROPRACTOR  
Bertig Bldg. W. Emerson  
Phone 561

just about as long as the other.

You can't believe all this anti-prohibition news—it's mostly moonshine.

### THE DESIRABLE TOURIST.

Everything is coming the American tourist's way. Everybody is bidding for him. He is sought abroad more than ever, because Europe has more need of his money. Foreign shipping lines are making their rates more attractive because they have plentiful carrying capacity and little patronage. The United States Shipping Board is doing the same thing, for the same reason of self-preservation. The whole tendency is to draw American travelers abroad this year as they have not been drawn since the bountiful, easy years before the war.

Wherefore American sections and interests that cater to the native tourist trade are worried. The gospel of "see America first" worked well enough while Europe was virtually barred to Americans. Now, the West fears Americans with money for traveling may be lured abroad.

A Denver newspaper is therefore urging that it is "time to placard the East with the glories of the West," in order to stem the tide. And there is good reason for it.

The American West is more worth seeing than ever, and that can hardly be said of Europe just now. The East finds in the West a warmth of welcome of which no foreign land is capable. American railroad rates are lower than they have been for years. Then there is the ever-ready automobile, which is rapidly revolutionizing travel and which, as the Denver paper remarks, may be "the salvation of the West, the national park region, as against the competition of Europe and Asia."

For every family that can afford to go abroad by railroad and steamship, a dozen can afford to travel at home by motor.

"We was so cock-sure we would git orn when the Republicans took charge that we hung a sign on our office door reading: 'No money received next day.' Now we would be glad to git out of bed and receipt for a 50-cent subscription at 2 o'clock in the morning."—The Bogburg Bugle.

### Election Psychology

England is getting ready for a "general election," which corresponds to one of our presidential campaigns. Sir Phillip, Gibbs, returning home after a visit to America, sees the political situation as clearly as he used to see war situations, and writes of it in a pitiless, dispassionate way, as if he were a journalistic surgeon—or alienist. From now on until the issue is decided, next summer, he says:

"The minds of the people will be subjected to every trick of psychology for the stirring up of passion and prejudice which clever politicians and pressmen have learned to use for political purposes. They have made an elaborate science of it. They know the art of suggestion and the power of iteration. Sincerity has been abandoned. False passion, not believed in by those who are most violent, has been substituted for reasonable discussion. At a crisis in history when the fate of Great Britain and that of all the world depends on a scientific handling of immensely complicated problems by the best wisdom of the country, all reason has been thrown to the four winds by political propagandists for the sake of the old game of party strife. It is one of the penalties and inherent difficulties of a democratic government."

Sounds strangely familiar, does it not? Are we dreaming, or have the American people passed through such an experience? Or are we still in it? Or is another such campaign beginning, to last until next November, or until two years from next November?

This mob psychology, in which the clever politician and narrow partisan is a past-master, is a curious thing, when people once take the trouble to think about it, as Gibbs does. But inasmuch as Americans seem to be going in for the study of psychology lately, there is hope of more of them seeing through the old shams, ignoring the old catchwords and insisting on a logical discussion of fundamental principles.

### Danger of Levee Break Is Passed

Helena, April 7.—The levee situation at Old Town continues to improve, and it is generally believed that there is no longer danger of a crevasse. The force of men at work at the endangered section, reduced to approximately 100 men, Wednesday, has been further reduced. The work being carried on now is merely that of raising the crown of the outside barrier to uniform height and further buttressing the weaker spots.

**Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days**  
Drugs and ointment if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure itching, blind, bleeding or protruding Piles. Instantly relieves itching Piles, and you can get restful sleep after first application. 60c.

## ANNOUNCEMENTS

**For Sheriff.**  
STAPP—We are authorized to announce that Chas. Stapp is a candidate for re-election to the office of Sheriff of Greene county, subject to the action of the Democratic primary election, August 8th.

**For Circuit Court Clerk.**  
FLETCHER—We are authorized to announce that Ernest Fletcher is a candidate for the office of Circuit Court Clerk of Greene county, subject to the action of the Democratic primary, at the election August 8th.

**WOOD—We are authorized to announce that Charlie Wood is a candidate for the office of Circuit Court Clerk, subject to the will of the voters at the Democratic primary election to be held in August.**

**MORROW—We are authorized to announce Marcus A. Morrow as a candidate for the office of Circuit Court Clerk of Greene county, subject to the will of the voters at the Democratic primary election to be conducted August 8th.**

**For County Treasurer.**  
FULLERTON—We are authorized to announce that Wilson B. Fullerton is a candidate for the office of Treasurer of Greene county, subject to the will of the voters at the Democratic primary election to be held in August.

**For Tax Collector.**  
BOND—We are authorized to announce that Joe Bond is a candidate for the office of Collector of Greene county, subject to the action of the Democratic party at the primary election to be conducted in August.

### Joe Bond Announces For Tax Collector

The latest announcement to be added to the list of candidate cards in the Daily Press and Soliphone is that of Joe Bond who is entering the race for Tax Collector of Greene county and it is upon his authority that we are presenting his name for the consideration of the voters of Greene county in that race, subject to the action of the Democratic voters at the primary election scheduled to take place in August. The attention of the readers is respectfully invited to Mr. Bond's announcement.

Joe Bond is well known to a majority of the citizens of the county, he having made the race for the office of Collector at the last election, two years ago. That race was one of the hottest contested of that memorable campaign and Mr. Bond came very close to being awarded the plum. He was defeated by Collector Bob Partain, who was running for re-election, by a very small margin of votes.

He believes it is his turn to take the reins of the office and his large number of friends throughout the county feel confident that the voters this time will roll up a handsome vote for him, sufficient to assure him the office. He wants The Press and The Soliphone to say for him that he most heartily appreciates the large vote that was accorded him in that contest two years ago and cordially invites everyone of those voters who stood by him in that race, and those who saw fit to vote against him then, to come to his support in this race and honor him with victory.

Mr. Bond is credited with being highly qualified to discharge the duties of the office of Collector. He is an ambitious young man, regarded as a real hustler and he represents one of the very highest types of citizenship, standing for the highest ideals, socially and politically. Being a most agreeable sort of fellow, his friends point out that the public would have in him a very accommodating and pleasant official, yet one who would represent the best interests of the county and its people generally.

Mr. Bond recently completed a course in one of the leading commercial colleges of the country, thoroughly equipping himself as to ability in keeping an accurate and clean record of the county's affairs so far as they concern the office of Collector. He has otherwise devoted himself to preparations in qualifying himself to handle public matters and he is entering the race feeling eminently equipped to measure up to the requirements of the office he seeks and, if elected, promises to devote his utmost effort to the end of making the county a competent official.

Mr. Bond is a son of C. E. Bond of the Marmaduke section. He has spent practically all of his life in Greene county and one of the strongest endorsements he has is the high esteem in which he is held by those who know him best.

### Cyclone Sweeps Over Woodward, Iowa

(By The United Press)  
Woodward, Iowa, April 7.—One woman was killed and several injured when a cyclone swept near this city today. Property damage is estimated at half a million dollars. Farm houses and hand buildings were wrecked over a large area.

## FIVE PERSONS ARE ARRESTED FOR MURDER

Sensational Development In Recent Double Killing In Cross County—Hearing April 14.

Wynne, April 7.—Charged with implication in the killing of James and Orvil Barnett, brothers at Hickory Ridge, Cross county, last Saturday night, five men were arrested, and will be given preliminary hearings April 14. Those arrested were: Love Banks, L. E. Pollock, W. R. Malone, J. B. McBurnett and Emmitt Phillips.

It is said that the killing has caused considerable ill feeling in the vicinity of Hickory Ridge. According to reports received here, several men Wednesday were ordered to leave the community within 30 minutes, and none of them were seen there yesterday.

The Barnett brothers were killed when Deputy Sheriff McBurnett went to one of the brothers' store to arrest him on a warrant issued by the Circuit Court. He had been convicted of a liquor charge, but sentence was suspended upon his promise to leave the state. He failed to leave, and he was ordered to report to the court. When the officer stepped into the store, James Barnett, for whom the warrant was issued, is said to have immediately opened fire. The officer, however, returned the fire and Barnett fell mortally wounded. A short time later Orvil Barnett is said to have attempted to shoot the officer, and he too was fatally wounded. It is said several persons besides the officer shot Orvil. Both James and Orvil died in a Jonesboro hospital.

Barbecue Supper Served.  
As the klansmen and candidates arrived they were separated, the "unnaturalized" being "herded" into a large enclosure, while the members were free to do as they pleased. At 5 o'clock supper was served. The meal consisted of barbecued pork and beef, pickles, young onions, bread and coffee. It was said about 6,000 were fed. This required about an hour and a half.

The ceremony of initiation was begun at 7 o'clock. The candidates were marched into a roped arena, and massed in front of a fiery cross. The blazing cross probably would have been seen for several miles. With their left hands over their hearts and their right hands extended, members of the class took the obligation of a knight of the Ku Klux Klan.

With the ceremony over, the klansmen crowded into the roped arena and heard addresses by several well known men from various parts of the state, who are members of the Klan. It was near midnight when the program was concluded.

**REPORTED THAT 1,000 CANDIDATES RECEIVED INTO THE ORDER LAST NIGHT—IMPERIAL OFFICIAL PRESENT.**

Little Rock, April 7.—Membership of the Ku Klux Klan in Arkansas was increased more than 1,000 last night, when the largest class in the history of the organization in this state was initiated. The ceremony was held at a point near Little Rock. Among the class, it is said, were approximately 800 Little Rock men, while the others were from near-by towns. The membership of the Little Rock Klan now is reported to number approximately 4,000.

The initiation was witnessed by no fewer than 5,000 klansmen. They were here from all parts of the state. It is said 92 klans were represented. Included among the visitors was an imperial officer, who came to Little Rock from Atlanta, Ga., home of the head of the Klan, to attend the initiation. He made an address in which he explained in detail the purposes of the Ku Klux Klan.

The klansmen began leaving Little Rock for the initiation grounds about 2 o'clock in the afternoon. From that hour until after 5 o'clock there was a solid stream of cars en route to the place.

### Reporter on the Job.

A Gazette reporter, nosing about for news, joined the caravan and followed. At a point about seven or eight miles from the city, the automobiles were halted by guards, who apparently were demanding the pass word. The reporter became worried, but he kept in line. Finally, a guard or sentry, asked for the word. The word was not forthcoming, and the "news hound" was turned over to a "committee." When face to face with an official of the Klan, whose identity could not be learned because of the white robe and mask he wore, the reporter "fessed up," and was told to "proceed under guard."

Although "under guard," the newspaper man saw everything that was to be seen, but he heard very little. While the initiation was under way, the unwelcome visitor

### EXPRESS AIRPLANES CRASH IN MID-AIR

Paris, April 7.—Two express airplanes operating between Paris and London collided in mid-air over Tilloy this morning and fell to the earth in a flaming mass. Two pilots and three passengers met their deaths in the catastrophe.

We Pay 4%  
You \$250  
Do YOU Own That Much?

4%  
SAVINGS

According to Treasury Department figures, savers and small investors in the United States have 27 billion dollars to their credit. Divided by a population of 108 million, this means every man, woman and child should have \$250.

How do you stand, how does your family stand, compared to that average? Are you above it? Good! Better go higher, for the average may go up. Are you below a savings account, build it up. DON'T STAY BELOW THE AVERAGE!

**Paragould Trust Co**  
SAVINGS

was "corralled" a few hundred yards out of earshot. Klan officials apparently were glad to have a reporter present.

Barbecue Supper Served.  
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**STATEMENT OF THE OWNERSHIP, MANAGEMENT, CIRCULATION, ETC., REQUIRED BY THE ACT OF CONGRESS OF AUGUST 24, 1912.**  
I, Rupert C. Wright, Soliphone, published Tri-Weekly at Paragould, Arkansas, for April 1922.

1. Name of the publication: Public in and for the state and county aforesaid, personally appearing Rupert C. Wright, publisher, and duly sworn according to law, deposes and says that he is the owner of The Paragould Soliphone, and that the following is, to the best of his knowledge and belief, a true statement of the ownership, management, circulation, etc., of the aforesaid publication, as required by the Act of August 24, 1912, embodied in section 432, Postal Laws and Regulations, and on the reverse of this form, to-wit:

1. That the names and addresses of the publisher, editor, managing editor, and business managers are:  
Publisher, Editor, Managing Editor, Business Manager, Rupert C. Wright, Paragould, Ark.

2. That the owners are: (Give the names and addresses of individuals, owners, or, if a corporation, give its name and the names and addresses of stockholders owning or holding 1 per cent or more of the total amount of stock.)

3. That the known bondholders, mortgagees, and other security holders owning or holding 1 per cent or more of the total amount of bonds, mortgages, or other securities are:

4. That the two paragraphs next above, giving the names of the owners, bondholders, mortgagees, and other security holders, if any, contain not only the list of stockholders and security holders as they appear upon the books of the company but also, in cases where the stockholder or security holder appears upon the books of the company as trustee or in any other fiduciary relation, the name of the person or corporation for whom such trustee is acting, is given; also that the said two paragraphs contain statements concerning full knowledge and belief as to the circumstances and conditions under which stockholders or security holders do not appear upon the books of the company as trustees, hold stock and securities in a capacity other than that of a bona fide owner; and this affidavit has no reason to believe that any other person, association, or corporation has any interest direct or indirect in the said stock, bonds, or other securities than as so stated by him.

RUPERT C. WRIGHT,  
Sworn to and subscribed before me this 10th day of April 1922.  
(Seal) FRED WATSON,  
Notary Public.  
(My commission expires Jan. 23, 1923.)

The year 1923 will mark the centenary of the invention of roller skates.

**No Worms in a Healthy Child**  
All children troubled with Worms have an unhealthy color, which indicates poor blood, and as a rule, there is more or less stomach disturbance. GROVES' TASTELESS CHILD TONIC given regularly for two or three weeks will enrich the blood, improve the digestion, and act as a General Strengthening Tonic to the whole system. Nature will then throw off or dispel the worms, and the child will be in perfect health. Pleasant to take. 60c per bottle.

## EVIDENCE IS SUBMITTED IN LIP-STICK CASE

Judge Bandy Is Not Certain Whether He Has Jurisdiction—How Much Powder Is Too Much?

Corning, April 7.—How much face powder is too much face powder is a legal question to which Circuit Judge W. W. Bandy must find the answer by Wednesday night.

Evidence in the celebrated "lip stick" case was submitted to the judge last night in his hearing of the mandamus proceedings brought by Miss Pearl Pugsley, aged 18, of Knobel, to set aside summary rules of the Knobel School Board. Judge Bandy announced that he was by no means certain that he had jurisdiction, but will announce his decision next Wednesday. Should he assume jurisdiction, the question before him will be whether Miss Pugsley had exceeded the somewhat liberal rule laid down by the School Board governing the use of cosmetics and other first aids to comeliness.

N. E. Hicks, principal of the Knobel school, and principal witness against Miss Pugsley, said that shortly before the opening of the school September 5, the School Board had promulgated its celebrated Rule No. 3, forbidding students, girls presumably, to use cosmetics or to wear "peek-a-boo" waists, overly short skirts, ultra thin hose or "other immodest apparel." This rule, Hicks said, was read by a member of the board to the student body on the day school opened.

### The Powder Appears.

On September 22, Hicks testified, Miss Pugsley, Miss Erna Byers and Miss Natalie Jones came to school all powdered up. The principal ordered a face washing forthwith, or a return of the delinquents to their homes. Miss Jones washed her face, he said, Miss Byers returned to school the following Monday guiltless of powder, but Miss Pugsley's face, on its reappearance, was, the principal declared, still, again, or yet, powdered.

So Miss Pugsley was again sent away from the seat of learning, and soon afterward brought mandamus proceedings against the board, which is composed of J. F. Sellmeyer, B. A. Scott and J. R. McCoy. Hicks said that Miss Pugsley might have returned to school at any time she chose to "conform to the rule," but Miss Pugsley, insisting on her constitutional right to come powdered or otherwise, has remained away.

### Is Veteran Powderer.

There was no testimony, expert or non-expert, introduced to show whether Miss Pugsley was powdered to excess. Miss Pugsley testified that she was not; that she had been accustomed to powder her nose for many years, comparatively, but that, having exhausted her supply of face powder she had used talcum on the historic date, and that talcum was of a higher degree of visibility than face powder. Hicks said that he had not noticed powder before September 22. Miss Pugsley said

that she had worn it every day.

The case has attracted national interest as "the lipstick case," but it developed last night that lipsticks had no actual part in the picture. Miss Pugsley is not charged with lipsticking or rouging in any way nor peek-a-booing or short skirting. According to her testimony her "crime" consisted of substituting talcum when she ran out of face powder.

The courtroom was crowded last night and will be again Wednesday night. Local interest is apparently fairly divided by the girl and the board. Because of the fact that all the witnesses of the case are connected with the school either as students or officials, night hearings were ordered by Judge Bandy.

### NOTICE OF SCHOOL ELECTION.

Notice is hereby given that (in response to a petition filed with the County Board of Education of Greene County, Arkansas, containing the signatures of twenty legal electors in said School District No. 24, which is made up of the following described territory, to-wit: The West half of Section One (1); all of Section Two (2); the North half of Section Three (3); the Southeast quarter of Section Three (3); the North half of Section Four (4); the West half of Section Four (4); the West half of Section Five (5); the West half of Section Six (6); the West half of Section Seven (7); the West half of Section Eight (8); the West half of Section Nine (9); the West half of Section Ten (10); the West half of Section Eleven (11); the West half of Section Twelve (12); the West half of Section Thirteen (13); and all of Section Fourteen (14); all of Township Sixteen (16) North Range Six (6) East, Greene County, Arkansas) there will be submitted to the electors of said territory, at a special election to be held at Coffman School House on Saturday, April 15th, 1922, the question of whether or not said territory shall be created into a Rural Special School District with the same powers as now granted to incorporated cities and towns for such purpose as now provided for in Section 821 and other Sections in Crawford and Moses Digests of the Statutes of Arkansas, and for the election of six school directors.

By order of the County Board of Education this 7th day of April, 1922.

### NOTICE OF SCHOOL ELECTION.

Notice is hereby given that (in response to a petition filed with the County Board of Education of Greene County, Arkansas, containing the signatures of twenty legal electors in said School District No. 6, which is made up of the following described territory, to-wit: South half of the Northeast quarter of Section 29; the West half of Section 29; the Southeast quarter of Section 29; the East half of Section 30; and all that part of the North half of Section 31 which lies North of the P. & S. E. Ry.; the West half of Section 32; the West half of Section 33; the West half of Section 34; the West half of Section 35; the West half of Section 36; the West half of Section 37; the West half of Section 38; the West half of Section 39; the West half of Section 40; the West half of Section 41; the West half of Section 42; the West half of Section 43; the West half of Section 44; the West half of Section 45; the West half of Section 46; the West half of Section 47; the West half of Section 48; the West half of Section 49; the West half of Section 50; the West half of Section 51; the West half of Section 52; the West half of Section 53; the West half of Section 54; the West half of Section 55; the West half of Section 56; the West half of Section 57; the West half of Section 58; the West half of Section 59; the West half of Section 60; the West half of Section 61; the West half of Section 62; the West half of Section 63; the West half of Section 64; the West half of Section 65; the West half of Section 66; 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